

ANIMAL INSECT CONTROL

Animal	Pest Problem	Insecticide Formulation	Method and Rate	Restrictions/Remarks
DAIRY CATTLE, Lactating	Cattle Grub	Ivomec Eprinex Pour-on (epinomectin)	Pour 1 mL/22 lb body weight along backline.	DO NOT treat after Oct. 15 to avoid toxic reactions in cattle unless cattle were treated for grubs at end of heel fly season.
		Cydetectin (0.5% moxidectin)	1 mL/22 lb body weight.	Apply along the topline from withers to the tailhead. To avoid undesirable host-parasite reactions, cattle should be treated as soon as possible after heel fly season (between Aug. 1 and Oct. 15).
	Horn Flies (Flies around the face)	Sprinkle-On Dusts and Dust Bags		
		Coumaphos 1% livestock dust, Co-Ral 1% shaker can (coumaphos)	1-2 oz/head.	Apply at first sign of pest. Dust only after milking. Rub dust lightly into hair on poll, neck, back and upper sides. Repeat Co-Ral dust application as necessary.
		ProZap Dust'R or Rabon 3% Dust (tetrachlorvinphos)	1-2 Tbsp/head.	DO NOT apply more than once every 7 days.
		Co-Ral 1% D (coumaphos)	Follow label directions.	Install bags across gate or door where cows leave milking parlor. DO NOT hang bags over feed, mineral or water troughs. No restrictions when used as recommended.
		ProZap Dust'R or Rabon 3% Dust (tetrachlorvinphos)	Follow label directions.	
		Ectiban, Insectrin or Permethrin 0.25% D (permethrin)	Follow label directions.	
		Python Dust (0.075% zeta-cypermethrin and 0.150% piperonyl butoxide)	Follow label directions.	DO NOT use Python Dust if currently using ear tags containing zeta-cypermethrin or cypermethrin. Apply into the hair over the head, ears, neck, shoulders, back and tailhead. Use shaker can, mechanical duster or dusting glove.
	Horn Flies, Stable Flies and Flies around the face	Mist Sprays		
		pyrethrins 0.3% OS	Ready to use.	
		Permethrin II 10% EC (permethrin)	Use 1 qt in 100-200 gal water applied as mist; use 1 gal of mixture per head.	
		Atroban, Expar 11% EC (permethrin)	1 pt/25 gal water.	
		Vapona Concentrate Insecticide (R) (40.2% dichlorvos)	Mix 5 oz/2 gal water to make a 1% dilution. Apply 1-2 oz of the dilution per animal as a fine mist spray (such as an exit sprayer). May be used daily. DO NOT apply in combination with any other dermal organophosphate insecticides (trichlofon). DO NOT treat Brahman or Brahman crossbred cattle due to hypersensitivity to organophosphates. DO NOT apply to calves under 6 months of age.	

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DAIRY CATTLE, Lactating	Horn Flies, Stable Flies and Flies around the face (cont.)	Animal Sprays Permethrin II and generics (10% permethrin) Ravap EC (23% tetrachlorvinphos and 5.3% dichlorvos)	Follow label directions for low- or high-pressure spray applications or mixing with oil for spot applications. Mix 2 oz Ravap per 3 gal of water. Direct spray to cover thoroughly with up to 1/2 gal of the dilution per animal.	Care should be taken so the spray does not come in contact with lactating cows' teats unless they are washed with an approved cleansing solution and dried before milking. Apply the spray at least 20 minutes prior to milking or after milking has been completed.
	Horn Flies, Flies around the face	Ear Tags and Ear Strips Several brand names of insecticide-impregnated ear tags are available for purchase.	Use as directed on label. Make sure it states for use on dairy animals. Ear tags registered for use on lactating dairy cattle include Gold Star Plus, Python, Python Magnum, ZetaGard and CyLence. Ear tags are primarily used to control horn flies and ear ticks; however, some ear tags will aid in controlling face flies.	If ear tags within the same insecticide class have been used for two or more consecutive years, substantial reduction in control effectiveness is possible. Use dusts, sprays or ear tags in a different insecticide class or alternative methods.
	(Aids in control of lice and ticks.)	Backrubbers Co-Ral ELI (11.6% coumaphos EC) or Co-Ral Fly and Tick Spray (6.15% coumaphos) Permethrin II, Martin's Permethrin, Durvet Permethrin, Insectrin, Prozap X, Permethrin 10 (10% permethrin) Ravap EC (23% tetrachlorvinphos and 5.3% dichlorvos) GardStar 40% EC, Tengard SFR (permethrin)	Use 9 3/4 oz per gal of fuel oil. 1/2 pt/5 gal of oil. 5 oz/1 gal of oil. 4 oz/10 gal of oil.	Use only diesel oil or No. 2 fuel oil to dilute concentrates. Use 1 gal of oil solution per 20 ft of backrubber. Re-treat backrubbers weekly. DO NOT treat calves under 6 months old. Self-use treatment.
		Dusts Python Dust (0.075% zeta-cypermethrin and 0.15% piperonyl butoxide) Coumaphos 1% livestock dust Permethrin (Permethrin, Prozap, Insectrin) 0.25% D ProZap Dust'R or Rabon 3% Dust (tetrachlorvinphos)	Up to 2 oz per animal. Dust bag treatment; self-treatment. No mixing necessary. Dust bag treatment; self-treatment. No mixing necessary. Dust bag treatment; self-treatment. No mixing necessary.	Apply into hair over the head, ears, neck, shoulders, back and tailhead. Use shaker can, mechanical duster or dusting glove. Python Dust is labeled for use in self-treatment dust bags. DO NOT use Python Dust if currently using ear tags containing cypermethrin or zeta-cypermethrin. DO NOT contaminate feed or water. Dust bags have shown an indication of good lice control when left in place during winter months. Install in gates, doorways, loafing areas, etc. Dust bags have shown an indication of good lice control when left in place during winter months. Install in gates, doorways, loafing areas, etc.

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DAIRY CATTLE, Lactating	Horn Flies, Stable Flies and Flies around the face	Oral Larvicides Rabon oral larvicide (7.76% and 97.3% tetrachlorvinphos formulations) Altosid IGR (methoprene) ClariFly Larvicide 0.67% premix or Justify feedthrough – 3% (diflubenzuron)	Use salt block or pre-mixed mineral as directed on label. Look for specific instructions on label. Methoprene is used as a mineral or feed additive. Read label directions carefully.	Start feeding early in the spring before flies begin to appear. Continue feeding throughout the summer and into the fall until cold weather restricts fly activity. Methoprene must be used on a program basis for horn fly control. Must be used on a program basis. For control of house, stable, horn and face flies.
		Horn Flies, Face Flies, Biting and Sucking Lice	Pour-Ons CyLence (1% cyfluthrin) Brute (10% permethrin) Boss (5% permethrin) Permethrin CDS, Martin's Fly Ban Pour-on (permethrin and piperonyl butoxide) Ultra Boss and Synergized DeLice, Permethrin S, Cattle Armor Pour-ons (permethrin and piperonyl butoxide) Clean-Up Pour-on (5.0% diflubenzuron and 5.0% permethrin) Atroban 1% DeLice, Permethrin 1% Pour-on (permethrin) Cydectin (0.5% moxidectin)	Ready to use in dispenser. Ready to use in dispenser. Pour correct dose on back and down the face. Pour correct dose on back and down the face. Apply 2 mL/100 lb body weight along backline and down face. DO NOT apply more than 30 mL to any animal. Follow label directions. Ready-to-use pour-on. 1 mL/22 lb body weight.
	Lice and Ticks	Sprays and Dusts Co-Ral ELI (11.6% coumaphos)	For lice, use 1.25 oz/4 gal of water.	Complete wetting to runoff.
		Co-Ral Fly and Tick Spray (6.15% coumaphos)	For lice, use 2.5 oz/4 gal of water.	Complete wetting to runoff.
		Atroban, Expar 11% EC (permethrin)	1 pt/25 gal water. Use 2 qt of spray per animal.	Spray only after milking.

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DAIRY CATTLE, Lactating	Lice and Ticks (cont.)	Sprays and Dusts Ravap EC (23% tetrachlorvinphos and 5.3% dichlorvos)	2 oz/3 gal water. 1 gal/200 gal water.	Use 1/2 gal of diluted spray per animal. Repeat as necessary.
		Ectiban 5.7% EC (permethrin)	1 qt/100 gal water for lice. 1 qt/25 gal water for ticks.	0 days. Repeat 14-21 days after first treatment.
		GardStar 40% EC, Tengard SFR (permethrin)	4 oz/25 gal water treats 50-100 head. High-pressure spray.	1-2 qt of coarse spray per animal.
		Python Dust (0.075% zeta-cypermethrin and 0.15% piperonyl butoxide)	Up to 2 oz per animal.	Apply into hair over the head, ears, neck, shoulders, back and tailhead. Use shaker can, mechanical duster or dusting glove. Python Dust is labeled for use in self-treatment dust bags.
		ProZap Dust'R or Rabon 3% Dust (tetrachlorvinphos)	2 oz per animal. Dust thoroughly.	DO NOT apply more than once every 7 days.
DAIRY CATTLE Non-lactating (Dry Cows and Heifers Only)	Cattle Grubs Late summer or fall treatments (July through Oct. 15 prior to freshening)	Pour-Ons Ivomec Eprinex Pour-on (eprinomectin)	Pour 1 mL/22 lb body weight along backline.	DO NOT treat after Oct. 15 to avoid toxic reactions in cattle unless cattle were treated for grubs at end of heel fly season.
		Cydectin Pour-on (0.5% moxidectin)	1 mL/22 lb body weight.	Apply along topline from withers to the tailhead. To avoid undesirable host-parasite reactions, cattle should be treated as soon as possible after heel fly season (between Aug. 1 and Oct. 15).
		Injectables Ivermectin, Ivomec, Noromectin and other generics (1% ivermectin)	1% ready to use. 1.0 mL/110 lb body weight.	Use subcutaneous injection only. Allow 35 days from last application to slaughter. Not for intravenous or intramuscular use. No more than 10 mL of Ivomec should be used on animals over 1,100 lb (see label for specific instructions). Also controls sucking lice. DO NOT use in female dairy cattle of breeding age.
		Cydectin injectable (1% moxidectin)	1% ready to use. 1.0 mL/110 lb body weight.	Use subcutaneous injection only. Cattle must not be slaughtered for human consumption within 21 days of treatment. Not for use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older (including dry dairy cows), veal calves and calves less than 8 weeks of age.

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DAIRY CATTLE Non-lactating (Dry Cows and Heifers Only)	Lice	Pour-Ons Atroban, DeLice or Expar 1% (permethrin)	0.5 fl oz/100 lb body weight.	0 days. DO NOT exceed 5 fl oz/animal. These pour-ons can also be used on lactating dairy cattle.
		Synergized DeLice, Synergized Permethrin, Permethrin S, Cattle Armor (1% permethrin and 1% piperonyl butoxide)	Pour 1/2 oz/100 lb body weight up to a maximum of 5 oz per animal. Pour correct dose down face and along back.	Can also be applied undiluted as a mist spray or diluted with mineral oil or diesel fuel (1 pt Synergized DeLice to 1 gal mineral oil or diesel fuel) for use in a backrubber.
		Permethrin CDS, Martin's Fly Ban Pour-on (permethrin and piperonyl butoxide)	Pour correct dose on back and down the face.	Comes in ready-to-use dispenser.
		Clean-up Pour-on (5.0% diflubenzuron and 5.0% permethrin)	Apply 2 mL/100 lb body weight along backline and down face. DO NOT apply more than 30 mL to any animal.	
		Ivomec Eprinex Pour-on (eprinomectin)	Pour 1 mL/22 lb body weight along backline.	DO NOT treat after Oct. 15 to avoid toxic reactions in cattle unless cattle were treated for grubs at the end of heel fly season.
		Cydectin (0.5% moxidectin)	1 mL/22 lb body weight.	Apply along the topline from withers to tailhead. To avoid undesirable host-parasite reactions, cattle should be treated as soon as possible after heel fly season (between Aug. 1 and Oct. 15).
	Horn Flies	Ear Tags and Ear Strips Several brand names of insecticide-impregnated ear tags are available for purchase.	Use as directed on label. Ear tags are primarily used to control horn flies and ear ticks; however, some ear tags will aid in controlling face flies.	If ear tags within the same insecticide class have been used for two or more consecutive years, substantial reduction in control effectiveness is possible. Use dusts, sprays or ear tags in a different insecticide class or alternative methods.
	Horn Flies, Stable Flies, and Flies Around the Face	Sprays, Dusts and Backrubbers	Insecticides recommended for lactating dairy cattle can be used on non-lactating dairy cattle. Some insecticides recommended for use on beef cattle can be used on non-lactating dairy cattle. Be certain to follow the days to freshening guidelines and instructions on the label before using any insecticide labeled for beef cattle.	

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DAIRY CATTLE, DAIRY BARNs	House Flies and Flies around the premises	Sanitation, Biological Control and Integrated Pest Management (IPM)	Sanitation is critical to any fly control program in dairies and animal housing facilities. IPM includes sanitation, insecticides (baits, contact insecticides, etc.), surveillance (monitoring and/or trapping) and biological control (conserving natural enemies and/or releases). Use insecticides judiciously to minimize impact on natural enemies and to prevent or delay insecticide resistance. Use a combination of management methods.	Waste (spilled feed, wet feed, manure, bedding) removal and management is the first line of defense in any filth fly management program. Prompt removal and disposal (such as spreading on pastures) of waste will reduce filth fly breeding sites and break the house fly life cycle. Some producers have experienced reduced fly populations with weekly releases of parasitic wasps beginning in April or May. Releases should be made in dry areas out of traffic and in areas where flies reproduce. Parasite and/or insecticide use are not a substitute for a good sanitation program.	
		Sticky Ribbons/Tapes	Sticky ribbons and tapes can be effective in managing small to moderate fly populations. Sticky ribbons are also useful in monitoring house fly populations when used weekly.	Sticky ribbons and tapes may require changing every week or two because they become coated with dust, covered with flies or dry out.	
		Baits			
		QuickBayt, Martin's Quick Draw and Bonanza Fly Bait (0.5% imidacloprid and 0.1% muscalure, (z)-9-tricosene) Ready-to-Use Fly Bait	Scatter 6 oz of bait/1,000 sq ft around the outside of dairies and in inaccessible areas of animal housing, or mix 1.5 oz/1 oz of water, mix thoroughly, let stand for 15 minutes or until a paste consistency and paint on non-dusty fly resting areas inaccessible to animals.	Use around the outside of dairies and animal housing areas. DO NOT apply to milking equipment or allow bait to contact food or water. Can be used inside horse stables, broiler, turkey and caged layer houses, swine confinement buildings, dairy barns and milking parlors ONLY if used in bait stations. Bait stations must be placed at least 4 feet above ground level and in areas inaccessible to animals, pets or children.	
		QuickBayt Disposable Fly Bait Strip (0.5% imidacloprid and 0.1% muscalure (z)-9-tricosene)	Ready-to-use strip. Use 1 bait strip/250 sq ft.	DO NOT use in areas accessible to food-producing animals or allow to contact food or water. DO NOT apply directly to milking equipment.	
		QuickBayt Spot Spray (10% imidacloprid and 0.1% muscalure (z)-9-tricosene)	Mix 16 oz/gal water. Carefully read label directions.	For use in and around agriculture production facilities such as poultry houses, turkey and chicken houses, cattle, sheep and goat facilities, feedlots, dairy barns, swine confinement buildings, dog kennels and horse stables. DO NOT apply on surfaces accessible to children or pets. DO NOT apply where animals can ingest the bait. DO NOT apply to milking equipment at dairy facilities.	
		QuikStrike Fly Scatter Bait (0.5% dinotefuran and 0.04% (z)-9-tricosene)	Scatter 4 oz/500 sq ft of fly breeding area or use bait in any commercial bait station.	Use as a scatter bait only around the outside of animal housing areas. Bait stations must be hung at least 4 ft from ground level. Scatter baits and bait stations must only be used in areas inaccessible to animals, pets or children.	
QuikStrike Fly Bait Spray (0.5% dinotefuran and 0.04% (z)-9-tricosene)	To spray on, mix 2 oz product with 16 oz of water to treat 250 sq ft. To paint on, mix 2 oz product with 3 oz of water to treat 250 sq ft.	Apply to fly resting areas such as walls, fences, window sills, posts, etc., typically 4 feet above the floor surface. DO NOT apply to milking equipment.			
Golden Malrin (1.1% methomyl and 0.049% (z)-9-tricosene)	Scatter 4 oz/500 sq ft of fly breeding area or use bait in any commercial bait station.	Use as a scatter bait only around the outside of animal housing areas. Bait stations must be hung at least 4 ft from ground level. Scatter baits and bait stations must only be used in areas inaccessible to animals, pets or children.			

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DAIRY CATTLE, DAIRY BARNS	House Flies and Flies around the premises	Baits		
		Electro Bait (0.5% spinosad and 0.04% (z)-9-tricosene)	Scatter 12-16 oz/2,000 sq ft. Electro Bait can also be used in bait stations or applied to hang boards/cards. Use 8-10 bait stations or hang boards/cards per 2,000 sq ft. See label for more detailed instructions on bait station and hang board/card use.	DO NOT allow Electro Bait to contact food, feedstuffs, water, milk or milking utensils. DO NOT use where milk is processed or stored. When using Electro Bait in bait stations, hang stations in areas inaccessible to children, livestock and pets. Electro Bait stations or hang cards must be located at least 4 ft above the ground.
		Zyrox Fly Granular Bait (0.5% cyantraniliprole)	Ready-to-use granular fly bait. Apply from 3.2-6.4 oz granular bait/1,000 square feet. Depending upon application site, product can be scattered or placed in bait stations.	DO NOT place bait in areas accessible to food-producing animals or animals being grown for food. DO NOT place bait in areas accessible to children and pets. Bait stations must be used if bait is applied inside residential structures, commercial establishments, food processing plants, restaurants and animal housing units. DO NOT apply bait outdoors when raining.
		Sprays		
		Ravap EC (23% tetrachlorvinphos and 5.3% dichlorvos)	12 Tbsp/gal water/500-1,000 sq ft.	Remove animals from barn before spraying. Allow at least 4 hours for spray to dry before allowing cows to return to the barn. DO NOT contaminate feed, water or milking utensils.
		Rabon 50% WP (tetrachlorvinphos)	4 lb per 25 gal applied/1 gal per 500 sq ft.	
		GardStar 40% EC, Tengard SFR (permethrin)	4 oz/10 gal water. Surface spray.	1 gal/750-1,000 sq ft. (DO NOT use in milk rooms.)
		Pounce 3.2 EC (permethrin)	4 oz/12.5 gal water. Apply 1 gal solution/750 sq ft.	Apply as directed on label.
		Vapona Concentrate Insecticide (R) (40.2% dichlorvos)	2 oz/1.5 gal water (0.5% dilution). 5 oz/2 gal water (1.0% dilution).	Apply 0.5% dilution as a space spray mist to open air space at the rate of 1 qt/8,000 cu ft or as a coarse surface spray to indoor surfaces at the rate of 1 qt/1,000 sq ft. For the 1.0% dilution, apply as above but only half the total volume of mixture. DO NOT use this product in areas where animals have received a direct organophosphate application within 8 hours. If animals are present, ventilate treated area immediately following application. DO NOT contaminate water, feed or foodstuffs, milk or milking utensils.
		Annihilator (0.02% deltamethrin)	Ready to use.	Wet surfaces where flies rest. DO NOT spray animals, humans, animal feed or water. DO NOT apply more than once per week.
		Grenade ER (9.7% lambda-cyhalothrin)	Mix 0.2 to 0.4 oz/gal water to make a 0.015% to 0.03% dilution.	Apply dilution to horizontal and overhead surfaces where flies rest. DO NOT make applications in areas where animals are present. Allow to dry before reintroducing animals or birds. DO NOT contaminate animal food, feed or water during application.
		Atroban, Expar 11% EC (permethrin)	1 pt/10 gal water. Apply 1 gal/750-1,000 sq ft of surface.	Apply as directed on label.
		Talstar, Bifenthrin I/T 7.9F, Optashield CS (7.9% bifenthrin)	Mix with water and apply 0.33 to 1.0 oz product per 1,000 sq ft.	Target areas where flies rest such as ceilings, trusses, rafters, supports, walls, windows and vegetation.
StandGuard 5.9 (5.9% gamma-cyhalothrin)	Mix 0.16 oz (5 mL)/gal of water.	Spray 1 gal of diluted spray to treat 500-1,000 sq ft fly resting surfaces.		

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DAIRY CATTLE, MILK ROOMS Check label of any product before using in milk room.	Adult Flies	Sprays		
		Pyrethrins (synergized)	Use as directed on label.	
		Tempo 20WP (cyfluthrin)	10-20 grams per 1,000 sq ft.	Use adequate water for coverage.
		Baits		
		QuickBayt Disposable Fly Bait Strip (0.5% imidacloprid and 0.1% muscalure (z)-9-tricosene)	Ready-to-use strip; use 1 bait strip/250 sq ft.	DO NOT use in areas accessible to food-producing animals or allow to contact food or water. DO NOT apply directly to milking equipment.
		QuickBayt, Martin's Quick Draw and Bonanza Fly Bait (0.5% imidacloprid and 0.1% muscalure (z)-9-tricosene) Ready-to-Use Fly Bait	1.5 oz/bait station/250 sq ft.	Can be used inside horse stables, broiler, turkey and caged layer houses, swine confinement buildings, dairy barns and milking parlors ONLY if used in bait stations. Bait stations must be placed at least 4 feet above ground level and in areas inaccessible to animals, children or pets.
		Zyrox Fly Granular Bait (0.5% cyantraniliprole)	Ready-to-use granular fly bait. Apply from 3.2-6.4 oz granular bait/1,000 square feet. Depending upon application site, product can be scattered or placed in bait stations. When applied inside, product must be placed in commercial bait stations.	Bait stations must be used if bait is applied inside residential structures, commercial establishments, food processing plants, restaurants and animal housing units. DO NOT place bait in areas accessible to food-producing animals or animals being grown for food. DO NOT place bait in areas accessible to children and pets. DO NOT apply bait outdoors when raining.