

COVER CROPS CHECKLIST

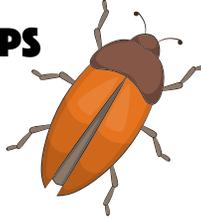
Herbicide Burndown/Cover Crop Termination Timing



Management Decisions to Get the Most out of Your Cover Crops.
Helpful Information on how and when to terminate cover crops.



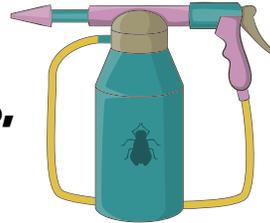
SCOUT COVER CROPS FOR POTENTIAL INSECT PRESSURE



Fields planted to cover crops are much more attractive than bare, tilled or fields sparsely covered with weeds. These cover crop fields can attract all types of insects both pests and beneficials



DO NOT MAKE AUTOMATIC INSECTICIDE APPLICATIONS, SCOUT BEFORE YOU SPRAY



Scouting cover crops and identifying species present is critical both pre and post cover crop termination. Cover crops can host both beneficial and pest insects.



MAKE SURE YOU KNOW WHAT HERBICIDES AND RATES ARE REQUIRED FOR EFFECTIVE COVER CROP BURNDOWN/TERMINATION



Whether you have a single species or cover crop blend, make sure you know what herbicides and rates will result in effective cover crop termination. Herbicide rates and tank mixes required for effective termination of cover crop blends may have negative carryover effects to following cash crop.



DO NOT PLANT INTO GREEN COVER CROPS

Planting into the "green bridge" where hungry insects can still be found will result in feeding that can lead to severe stand loss and potential yield loss.



WAIT A MINIMUM OF 28 DAYS (4 WEEKS) AFTER COVER CROP TERMINATION TO PLANT CASH CROP

This will help ensure that insect pests will either starve or be dispersed (forced to move to find food) prior to cash crop emergence. Scout dead cover crop residue both above and below the residue mat prior to planting to identify potential pests that are remaining in the field prior to planting cash crop.

