# Medicare costs at a glance

Listed below are basic costs for people with Medicare. If you want to see and compare costs for specific health care plans, visit the Medicare Plan Finder.

For specific cost information (like whether you've met your Deductible, how much you'll pay for an item or service you got, or the status of a Claim), visit MyMedicare.gov.

## 2020 costs at a glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Part A premium</td>
<td>Most people don't pay a monthly premium for Part A (sometimes called &quot;premium-free Part A&quot;). If you buy Part A, you'll pay up to $458 each month in 2020. If you paid Medicare taxes for less than 30 quarters, the standard Part A premium is $458. If you paid Medicare taxes for 30-39 quarters, the standard Part A premium is $252.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Part A hospital inpatient deductible and coinsurance | You pay:  
  - $1,408 deductible for each benefit period  
  - Days 1-60: $0 coinsurance for each benefit period  
  - Days 61-90: $352 coinsurance per day of each benefit period  
  - Days 91 and beyond: $704 coinsurance per each "lifetime reserve day" after day 90 for each benefit period (up to 60 days over your lifetime)  
  - Beyond lifetime reserve days: all costs |
| Part B premium                | The standard Part B premium amount is $144.60 (or higher depending on your income).                                                          |
| Part B deductible and coinsurance | $198. After your deductible is met, you typically pay 20% of the Medicare-approved amount for most doctor services (including most doctor services while you're a hospital inpatient), outpatient therapy, and Durable medical equipment (DME) |
| Part C premium                | The Part C monthly Premium varies by plan.                                                                                                                                 |
| Part D premium                | The Part D monthly Premium varies by plan (higher-income consumers may pay more).                                                                 |

## Detailed Medicare cost information for 2020

**Medicare Part A (Hospital Insurance) costs**

- **Monthly Premium**: Most people don't pay a monthly premium for Part A (sometimes called "premium-free Part A"). If you buy Part A, you'll pay up to $458 each month in 2020. If you paid Medicare taxes for less than 30 quarters, the standard Part A premium is $458. If you paid Medicare taxes for 30-39 quarters, the standard Part A premium is $252.

- **Late enrollment penalty:**
  
  If you don't buy it when you're first eligible, your monthly premium may go up 10%. (You'll have to pay the higher premium for twice the number of years you could have had Part A, but didn't sign up.)

**Note**: All Medicare Advantage Plans must cover these services. If you're in a Medicare Advantage Plan, costs vary by plan and may be either higher or lower than those in Original Medicare. Review the "Evidence of Coverage" from your plan.
Part A costs if you have Original Medicare

Home health care
- $0 for home health care services.
- 20% of the Medicare-approved amount for Durable medical equipment (DME).

Hospice care
- $0 for Hospice care.
- You may need to pay a Copayment of no more than $5 for each prescription drug and other similar products for pain relief and symptom control while you’re at home. In the rare case your drug isn’t covered by the hospice benefit, your hospice provider should contact your Medicare drug plan to see if it’s covered under Medicare prescription drug coverage (Part D).
- You may need to pay 5% of the Medicare-approved amount for inpatient Respite care.
- Medicare doesn’t cover room and board when you get hospice care in your home or another facility where you live (like a nursing home).

Hospital inpatient stay
- $1,408 Deductible for each Benefit period.
- Days 1–60: $0 Coinsurance per day of each benefit period.
- Days 61–90: $352 coinsurance per day of each benefit period.
- Days 91 and beyond: $704 coinsurance per each "lifetime reserve day" after day 90 for each benefit period (up to 60 days over your lifetime).
- Beyond Lifetime reserve days: all costs.

Note
You pay for private-duty nursing, a television, or a phone in your room. You pay for a private room unless it’s medically necessary.

Mental health inpatient stay
- $1,408 Deductible for each Benefit period.
- Days 1–60: $0 Coinsurance per day of each benefit period.
- Days 61–90: $352 coinsurance per day of each benefit period.
- Days 91 and beyond: $704 coinsurance per each "lifetime reserve day" after day 90 for each benefit period (up to 60 days over your lifetime).
- Beyond Lifetime reserve days: all costs.
- 20% of the Medicare-approved amount for mental health services you get from doctors and other providers while you're a hospital inpatient.

Note
There's no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have when you get mental health care in a general hospital. You can also have multiple benefit periods when you get care in a psychiatric hospital. Remember, there’s a lifetime limit of 190 days.

Skilled nursing facility stay
- Days 1–20: $0 for each Benefit period.
- Days 21–100: $176 Coinsurance per day of each benefit period.
- Days 101 and beyond: all costs.
Medicare Part B (Medical Insurance) costs

- **Monthly premium:**
  The standard Part B premium amount in 2020 is $144.60. Most people pay the standard Part B premium amount. If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA). IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If your yearly income in 2018 (for what you pay in 2020) was</th>
<th>You pay each month (in 2020)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>File individual tax return</td>
<td>File joint tax return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$87,000 or less</td>
<td>$174,000 or less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above $87,000 up to $109,000</td>
<td>above $174,000 up to $218,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above $109,000 up to $136,000</td>
<td>above $218,000 up to $272,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above $136,000 up to $163,000</td>
<td>above $272,000 up to $326,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above $163,000 and less than $500,000</td>
<td>above $326,000 and less than $750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$500,000 or above</td>
<td>$750,000 and above</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Late enrollment penalty:**
- In most cases, if you don't sign up for Part B when you're first eligible, you'll have to pay a late enrollment penalty. You'll have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part B. Your monthly premium for Part B may go up 10% of the standard premium for each full 12-month period that you could have had Part B, but didn't sign up for it. Also, you may have to wait until the General Enrollment Period (from January 1 to March 31) to enroll in Part B. Coverage will start July 1 of that year.

**Part B costs if you have Original Medicare**

*Note* All Medicare Advantage Plans must cover these services. If you’re in a Medicare Advantage Plan, costs vary by plan and may be either higher or lower than those in Original Medicare. Review the "Evidence of Coverage" from your plan.

**Part B annual deductible:**
In 2020, you pay $198 for your Part B Deductible. After you meet your deductible for the year, you typically pay 20% of the Medicare-approved amount for these:

- Most doctor services (including most doctor services while you’re a hospital inpatient)
- Outpatient therapy
- Durable medical equipment (DME)
- Clinical laboratory services: You pay $0 for Medicare-approved services.

**Home health services:**

- $0 for home health care services.
- 20% of the Medicare-approved amount for Durable medical equipment (DME) .
Medical and other services:

- You pay 20% of the Medicare-approved amount for most doctor services (including most doctor services while you're a hospital inpatient), outpatient therapy, and Durable medical equipment (DME).

Outpatient mental health services:

- You pay nothing for your yearly depression screening if your doctor or health care provider accepts assignment.
- 20% of the Medicare-approved amount for visits to your doctor or other Health care provider to diagnose or treat your condition. The Part B Deductible applies.
- If you get your services in a hospital outpatient clinic or hospital outpatient department, you may have to pay an additional Copayment or Coinsurance amount to the hospital.

Partial hospitalization mental health services:

- You pay a percentage of the Medicare-approved amount for each service you get from a doctor or certain other qualified mental health professionals if your health care professional accepts Assignment. You also pay Coinsurance for each day of partial hospitalization services provided in a hospital outpatient setting or community mental health center, and the Part B Deductible applies.

Outpatient hospital services:

- You usually pay 20% of the Medicare-approved amount for the doctor or other health care provider's services. For services that can also be provided in a doctor’s office, you may pay more for outpatient services you get in a hospital than you’d pay for the same care in a doctor’s office. However, the hospital outpatient Copayment for the service is capped at the inpatient deductible amount.
- In addition to the amount you pay the doctor, you’ll also usually pay the hospital a copayment for each service you get in a hospital outpatient setting, except for certain preventive services that don’t have a copayment. In most cases, the copayment can’t be more than the Part A hospital stay Deductible for each service.
- The Part B deductible applies, except for certain Preventive services. If you get hospital outpatient services in a critical access hospital, your copayment may be higher and may exceed the Part A hospital stay deductible.

Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage)


- Deductibles, copayments, & coinsurance: The amount you pay for Part C deductibles, copayments, and/or coinsurance varies by plan. Look for specific Part C plan costs, and then call the plans you're interested in to get more details.

Medicare Part D (Medicare prescription drug coverage)

- Monthly premium: The Part D monthly Premium varies by plan (higher-income consumers may pay more).

Part D premiums by income

The chart below shows your estimated prescription drug plan monthly premium based on your income as reported on your IRS tax return. If your income is above a certain limit, you'll pay an income-related monthly adjustment amount in addition to your plan premium.
### If your filing status and yearly income in 2018 was

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>File individual tax return</th>
<th>File joint tax return</th>
<th>File married &amp; separate tax return</th>
<th>You pay each month (in 2020)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$87,000 or less</td>
<td>$174,000 or less</td>
<td>$87,000 or less</td>
<td>your plan premium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above $87,000 up to $109,000</td>
<td>above $174,000 up to $218,000</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>$12.20 + your plan premium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above $109,000 up to $136,000</td>
<td>above $218,000 up to $272,000</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>$31.50 + your plan premium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above $136,000 up to $163,000</td>
<td>above $272,000 up to $326,000</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>$50.70 + your plan premium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above $163,000 and less than $500,000</td>
<td>above $326,000 and less than $750,000</td>
<td>above $87,000 and less than $413,000</td>
<td>$70.00 + your plan premium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$500,000 or above</td>
<td>$750,000 and above</td>
<td>$413,000 and above</td>
<td>$76.40 + your plan premium</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Late enrollment penalty:

You may owe a late enrollment penalty if, for any continuous period of 63 days or more after your Initial Enrollment Period is over, you go without one of these:

- A Medicare Prescription Drug Plan (Part D)
- A Medicare Advantage Plan (Part C) (like an HMO or PPO) or another Medicare health plan that offers Medicare prescription drug coverage
- Creditable prescription drug coverage

In general, you’ll have to pay this penalty for as long as you have a Medicare drug plan. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or creditable prescription drug coverage.

### Deductibles, copayments, & coinsurance:

The amount you pay for Part D deductibles, copayments, and/or coinsurance varies by plan. Look for specific Medicare drug plan costs, and then call the plans you’re interested in to get more details.