First, a word on the potential benefits and limitations of wearing a cloth mask. You should be aware that there are no scientific studies that prove that cloth masks (or even medical masks) protect the wearer from germs that float around in the air.

What wearing a cloth mask will do for you:

- Keep you from touching your nose and mouth and getting infected from germs on your hands (but remember not to touch your eyes either!)
- Keep you from coughing or sneezing infected respiratory droplets onto your hands or other surfaces
- Protect your nose and mouth from large infected respiratory droplets from other people’s cough or sneeze

What wearing a mask will NOT do for you:

- Keep you from inhaling or spreading germs in the tiny aerosol particles that we all breathe out in the course of normal breathing

Remember, social distancing and good and frequent hand washing/sanitizing is your #1 line of defense against COVID-19!

Materials:

- Fabric of 2 different solid, light colors. This will make it easier to tell inside from outside and also to see if the mask is soiled. Fabric can be cotton or a poly-cotton blend. Fabrics with a tight weave are recommended.
  - 1 10” x 9” piece of color A
  - 2 10” x 9” pieces of color B
- Material for ties: 2 pieces, each 44” long. The model uses ½” wide twill tape. ½” Folded bias tape or ¼” grosgrain ribbon could be used. The material should be washable, durable, and not slippery.
- Wire, 4”. This needs to be sturdy enough to get pinched down over the wearer’s nose so that it holds its shape. It could be craft wire (not finer than 20 gauge). It should be made of material that will not rust or corrode. The model uses 1/8” thick flat wire.
Instructions

1. Layer all 3 pieces of fabric, with fabric A on top (this is the outside of the mask).

2. Pin all layers together and sew, using a ½” seam allowance and leaving a 3” hole that is centered along one of the long edges of the fabric (red arrows). This will be the center top of the mask.

3. Trim corners, turn right side out and turn the raw edges of the opening under. Press.
4. Sew a line across the top of the mask, 3/8” from the edge (purple dashed line). Then measure in 2 ¼” from the sides and sew vertical lines (pink solid lines) from the horizontal stitch line to the top edge of the mask.

5. Insert the wire into the space you created in Step 4. Push it down to the horizontal sewn line.

6. Sew across the top of the mask, sewing close to the edge. Be careful not to strike the wire with your needle!

7. Increase the stitch length on your sewing machine to its longest length. Leaving 4” thread “tails,” sew two lines of stitching along both short edges of the mask, 1/8” and ¼” from the edge of the mask.
8. Pull on the bobbin thread “tails” to gather the edges of the mask down to a length of 4 ½”. Repeat with the other side of the mask.

9. Fold one of the tie pieces in half to find its center. Pin this to the center front of one of the sides of the mask. In the illustration, purple mark on the tie is the center, with pink marks 2” on either side of center. Your goal is a final gathered edge 4 ½” long. Repeat with the other side of the mask.

10. Return sewing machine to routine stitch length. Sew the tie to the mask using two lines of stitching about 1/8” apart. Be sure to backstitch and secure thread ends well. Repeat with the other side of the mask.
11. Secure the cut ends of the ties so they don’t unravel in the laundry. Ends on the model were folded under and sewn. Depending on the tie material, other methods, such as Fray Check, could be used.

12. Finished!